



Sustainable Development Plan

Upgrade to Cammeray Public School
Department of Education

CONFIDENTIAL

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CHANGE LOG

REVISION	VERSION	COMMENT
2.0	Schematic Design	General updates to reflect design development
2.1	Schematic Design	Minor updates to reflect comments received
2.2	Schematic Design	Minor updates to reflect comments received
2.3	REF Submission	Updates as per stat planning comments

Table of contents

1	PREAMBLE	1
1.1	Proponent	1
1.2	Introduction	1
1.3	Site Description	1
1.4	Proposed Activity Description	2
1.5	Mitigation Measures	3
1.6	Evaluation of Environmental Impacts	3
2	EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	4
3	PROJECT SUMMARY	5
3.1	Information Sources	5
4	SUSTAINABILITY PRINCIPLES	6
4.1	The Precautionary Principle	6
4.2	Inter-Generational Equity	6
4.3	Improved valuation, pricing, and incentive mechanisms	6
5	SUSTAINABILITY FRAMEWORKS & LEGISLATION	7
5.1	NCC Section J	7
5.2	Educational Facility Standards and Guidelines (EFSG)	7
5.3	NSW Government Resource Efficiency Policy (GREP)	7
5.4	Government Architect NSW Environmental Design Guide for Schools	7
5.5	Environmental Planning and assessment regulation 2021	7
5.6	Sustainable Development Practice Note	7
6	SUSTAINABLE DESIGN	9
6.1	Responsible	9
6.2	Healthy	10
6.3	Positive	10
6.4	Places	11
6.5	People	12
6.6	Nature	12
7	CLIMATE CHANGE RESILIENCE	14
8	NET ZERO AND RESOURCE EFFICIENCY	15
8.1	Energy Consumption and Net Zero 2050	15
8.2	Water Consumption	15
8.3	Other materials consumption	15
9	CONCLUSION	16
10	APPENDICES	17
10.1	SINSW ESD Schedule	17

1 PREAMBLE

1.1 PROPONENT

The Department of Education (DoE) is the landowner, proponent and determining authority pursuant to Section 5.1 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* (the Act).

1.2 INTRODUCTION

This Sustainable Development Plan (this is equivalent to an ESD report) has been prepared to support a Review of Environmental Factors (REF) for the Department of Education (DoE) for Cammeray Public School upgrade (the activity).

The purpose of the REF is to assess the potential environmental impacts of the activity prescribed by State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021 (T&I SEPP) as "development permitted without consent" on land carried out by or on behalf of a public authority under Part 5 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (EP&A Act). The activity is to be undertaken pursuant to Chapter 3, Part 3.4, Section 3.37 of the T&I SEPP.

This document has been prepared in accordance with the Guidelines for Division 5.1 assessments (the Guidelines) by the Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure (DPHI) as well as the Addendum Division 5.1 guidelines for schools. The activity is to be undertaken pursuant to Chapter 3, Part 3.4, Section 3.37 of the T&I SEPP and in consideration of the stakeholder and community participation plan. The proposed activity is for upgrades to the existing CPS at 68 Palmer Street, Cammeray NSW 2062 (the site).

The purpose of this report is to detail the sustainability strategy of the proposed development, in order to address the minimum requirements set out in the following:

- Clause 193 of Division 5 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021
- DoE *Sustainable Development Practice Note*
- DoE Education Facilities Standard and Guidelines (EFSG)
- Government Architect NSW (GANSW) Design Guide for Schools and Environmental Design in Schools Manual
- NSW Government Resource Efficiency Policy (GREP) 2019

1.3 SITE DESCRIPTION

CPS is located at 68 Palmer Street, Cammeray on the northern side of Palmer Road, bound by Palmer Street to the south, Bellevue Street to the east and Miller Street to the west. The site has an area of 1.36 ha and comprises 11 allotments, legally described as:

- Lot 11 DP 837836
- Lot 1 DP 316130
- Lot 1 DP 316706
- Lot 1 DP 123406
- Lot 2 DP 174370
- Lot 1 DP 174370
- Lot 4 Sec 35 DP 758790
- Lot 5 Sec 35 DP 758790
- Lot 66 DP 1049613
- Lot 3 DP 571310
- Lot 4 DP 571310

The site currently comprises an existing co-education primary (K-6) public school with 6 permanent buildings, 3 demountable structures, covered walkways linked at multiple levels, play areas, on-grade parking, sports court, covered outdoor learning area (COLA) and vegetation/green spaces with mature trees.

The existing school buildings are clustered towards the southern portion of the site and comprise both single and 2 storey buildings. The northern portion of the site contains the sports court, vegetable garden and play equipment. The north-western portion of the site is heavily vegetated with trees of high landscape significance that are protected with fencing.

The site is identified as a locally listed heritage item (I0019) under Schedule 5 Environmental Heritage pursuant to the North Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2013 (NSLEP). The school is also identified in the Plateau Heritage Conservation Area (HCA) (Part 2 Schedule 5 of the NSLEP). The school is listed on the Department of Education (DoE) Section 170 Heritage Conservation Register as 'Cammeray Public School.' The site is approximately 115m from a State heritage item (I0004) being the electricity substation at 143 Bellevue Street and in close proximity to locally heritage listed items.

Refer to Figure 1 for overview of the site location

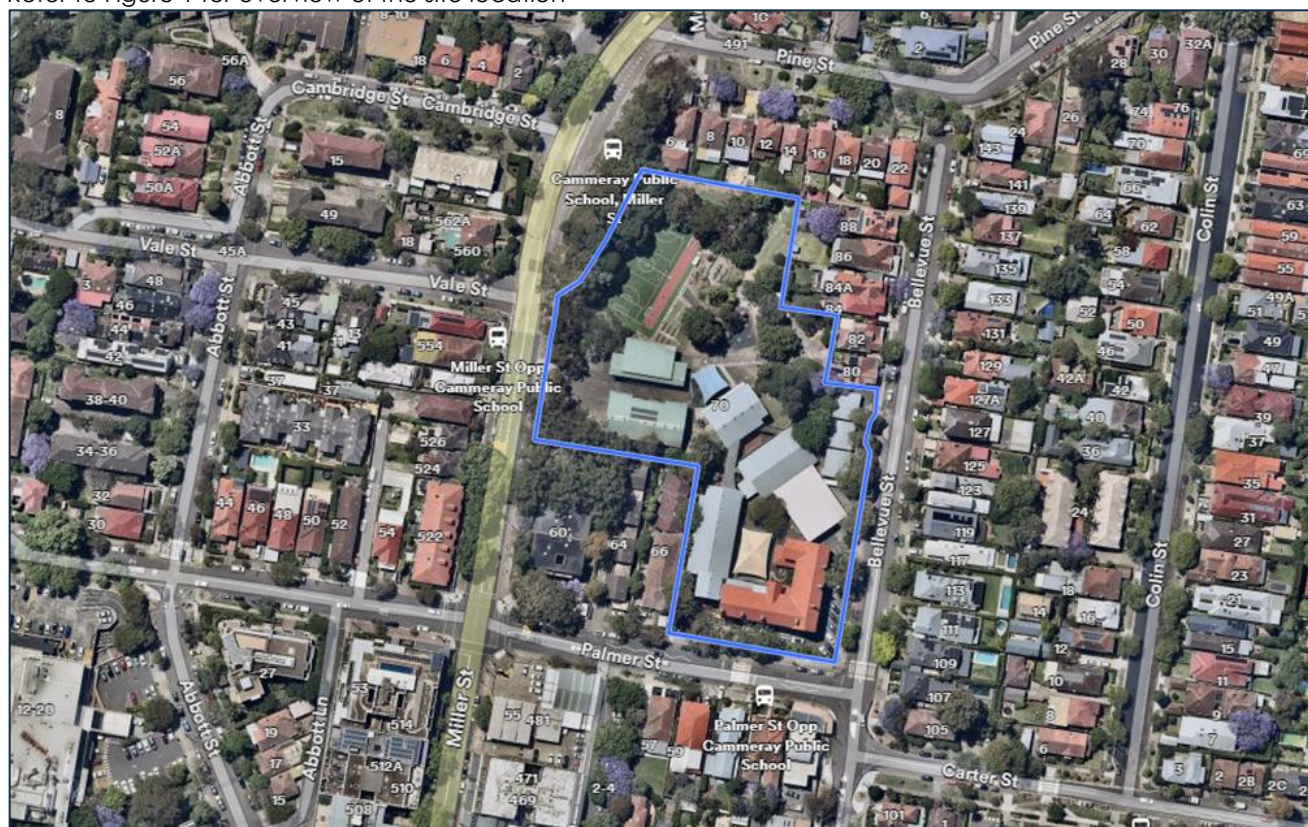


FIGURE 1 - AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH

1.4 PROPOSED ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION

The proposed activity involves upgrades to the existing CPS, including the following:

- Construction of 4 new permanent teaching spaces in a two-storey building incorporating 2 general learning spaces and 2 practical activity areas
- New egress lift and stairs for access to all building levels
- External covered walkways connecting the new building to the existing school network
- Landscaping and external works including compensatory planting
- Upgrades to site infrastructure and services to support the new buildings
- 50 bicycle parking spaces

The intent of the activity is to provide 4 permanent teaching spaces (PTS) plus 2 practical activity areas (PAA) across a two-storey addition, adjoining Building E. This will result in CPS retaining the capacity of a 'large' school (553-1,000 students) under EFSG (DoE Education Facilities Standards and Guidelines).

Refer to Figure 2 - Schematic Site Plan for an overview of the proposed development.

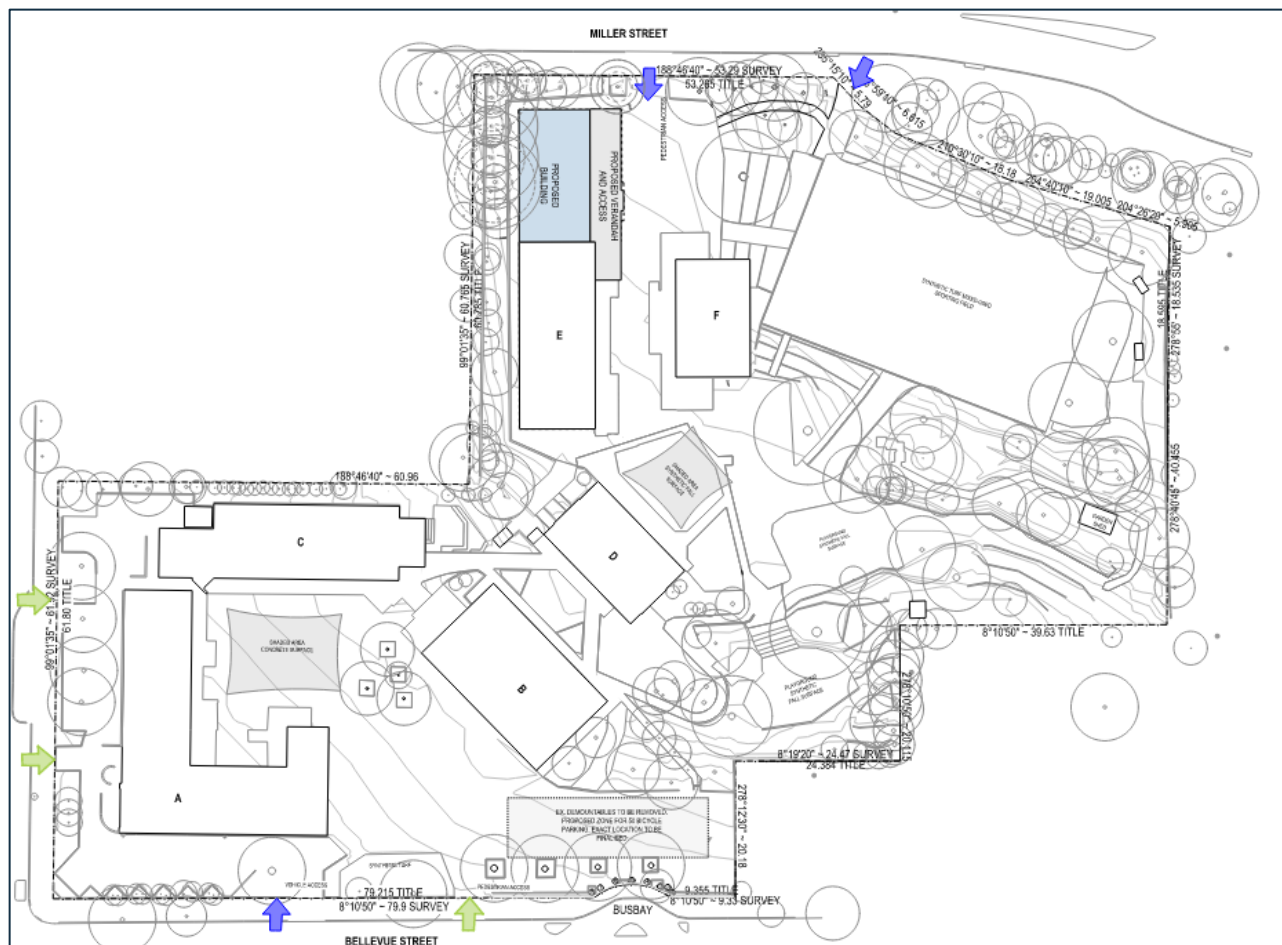


FIGURE 2 - SCHEMATIC SITE PLAN

1.5 MITIGATION MEASURES

TABLE 1 MITIGATION MEASURES

MITIGATION NAME	MITIGATION MEASURE	REASON FOR MITIGATION MEASURE
Ecological and Biodiversity	Protect and enhance ecological and biodiversity value	Minimising local impacts and maintaining a connection with nature through urban green spaces
Light Pollution	Minimise negative impacts of light pollution	Minimise negative impacts on the local fauna through excessive light pollution

1.6 EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

It is noted that Sustainability (ESD) does not produce designs, they coordinate and input our requirements into the designs of other disciplines (i.e. sustainability items are expressed through the architectural, mechanical, electrical etc. design). Evaluation of Environmental Impacts are detailed through relevant discipline reports.

2 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

NDY has been engaged by Department of Education (DoE) to develop a Sustainable Development Plan (SDP) for the upgrades to Cammeray Public School.

The principal objective of this report is to address the minimum requirements set out in the following:

- Clause 193 of Division 5 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021
- DoE *Sustainable Development Practice Note*
- DoE Education Facilities Standard and Guideline (EFSG)
- Government Architect NSW (GANSW) Design Guide for Schools and Environmental Design in Schools Manual
- NSW Government Resource Efficiency Policy (GREP 2019)

The project will be designed and delivered in line with the standard DoE sustainability brief, detailed in the DoE Sustainable Development Practice Note, with key scope including:

- DoE EFSG compliance
- NCC Section J compliance

Through early design input from sustainability professionals, key initiatives incorporated in the proposed activity include:

- Passive design elements, such as high-performance façade, effective shading and natural ventilation to reduce the energy demand of the buildings and improve indoor environment quality for students and staff.
- Energy efficient building systems and on-site renewable energy to reduce greenhouse gas emissions.
- Consideration of the building design's resilience and adaptation to climate change impacts.
- High indoor air quality, acoustic design principles, visual amenity and thermal comfort to support the site functions as training and teaching spaces and private staff areas.
- Best practice waste management principles in operation, and construction and demolition waste diversion from landfill.
- Water efficient fixtures and fittings (high WELS ratings)
- Incorporation of stormwater management systems and water sensitive urban design (WSUD) to minimise pollutants.

The ESD initiatives of the proposed activity is verified through the ESD schedule coordinated with the design team and verified by the DoE and the D&C Contractors.

3 PROJECT SUMMARY

3.1 INFORMATION SOURCES

The following information sources have been used in the preparation of this report:

- Clause 193 of Division 5 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021
- NSW Department of Education – School Infrastructure documents:
 - Sustainable Development Practice Note
 - Education Facilities Standard and Guidelines (EFSG) – Design Guide
 - GANSW Design Guide for Schools
 - GANSW Environmental Design in Schools Manual
 - DFMA Guidelines
- NSW Government Resource Efficiency Policy (GREP) 2019
- National Construction Code (NCC) 2022 Section J
- Architectural drawings prepared by Fulton Trotter Architects
- Discussions and feedback with the design team.

The school is located within climate zone 5 – warm temperate conditions, which is associated with:

- Moderate diurnal ranges with more uniform temperature throughout the year
- Mild summers with average maximum temperatures ranging from 26° to 30°C
- Cool to cold winters with a peak of rainfall
- Hot dry summers
- Moderate humidity

4 SUSTAINABILITY PRINCIPLES

The following section of the report details how the proposed development responds to the relevant sustainability principles as defined in Clause 193 of Division 5 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021.

4.1 THE PRECAUTIONARY PRINCIPLE

The design has been reviewed against holistic sustainability principles to ensure a robust sustainability outcome is delivered. The sustainability initiatives proposed for the upgrades to Cammeray Public School aims to reduce the environmental impacts typically associated with buildings during the construction and ongoing operation of the building.

Sustainability measures have been incorporated, spanning across the activity's design, construction and operations, based around the core principles of:

- Efficient use of resources (energy, water and materials)
- Enhancing indoor environment quality and occupant comfort
- Minimising ecological impacts.

The head contractor will implement an Environmental Management Plan (EMP) ensuring there will also be a systematic approach to environmental considerations throughout construction.

A climate change risk assessment was scheduled for November 2024 and assessed the anticipated impacts of climate change and implement design strategies to mitigate these impacts. Refer to Section 7 for details.

4.2 INTER-GENERATIONAL EQUITY

Student and staff health has been considered through the incorporation of indoor environmental quality design features such as daylight and glare analysis for natural lighting, best-practice lighting design, indoor air quality, thermal comfort assessment, acoustic design, and responsible material selection to reduce internal pollutants and resource depletion for future generations.

In relation to cultural diversity, the activity will aim to incorporate the NSW Department of Education organisational Reconciliation Action Plan and use it as an opportunity to further embrace the objectives, including:

- Procurement of all materials and labour will be in accordance with the NSW DoE Aboriginal Procurement Policy and NSW DoE Main Works 21 Preliminaries - Section 4.4 'Aboriginal Participation'
- A project-specific Aboriginal Participation Plan will be developed to monitor and report on the minimum Aboriginal participation requirements.

Universal design principles will be implemented to provide safe, equitable and dignified access for persons with disabilities. Conservation of Biodiversity and Ecological integrity

The proposed design considers design strategies to minimise the urban heat island effect, such as the use of light-coloured external finishes. High quality access to external views will be considered to increase student engagement with the natural environment.

Construction and operational environmental management systems and plans will be detailed and implemented by the head contractor.

4.3 IMPROVED VALUATION, PRICING, AND INCENTIVE MECHANISMS

Total cost of operation will be reduced through sustainable considerations to reduce energy, water and waste requirements, taking into consideration whole-of-life costing. The activity will ensure sustainable principles are extended to include value for money, fit for purpose, long term reliability/resilience and flexibility. Designing with the long-term operation of the building in mind will create further buy-in and cooperation from the operating stakeholders. Strategies to reduce operational waste have been considered such as the development of an operational waste management plan and separation of waste streams.

5 SUSTAINABILITY FRAMEWORKS & LEGISLATION

Relevant sustainability frameworks and legislation applicable to the proposed activity are detailed in the following sub-sections.

5.1 NCC SECTION J

The National Construction Code (NCC) is produced and maintained by the Australian Building Codes Board (ABCB) on behalf of the Australian Government with the aim of achieving nationally consistent, minimum necessary standards of relevant health and safety, amenity and sustainability objectives efficiently. Section J of the NCC Volume 1 sets out the minimum energy efficiency requirements for all commercial buildings in Australia.

The activity will achieve compliance with NCC 2022 (as required) Section J either through Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Provisions, or a Performance Solution J1V2, J1V3 or similar.

5.2 EDUCATIONAL FACILITY STANDARDS AND GUIDELINES (EFSG)

The Educational Facilities Standards and Guidelines (EFSG) are intended to assist those responsible for the management, planning, design, construction and maintenance of new and refurbished school facilities. The EFSG is a suite of information compiled into Design Guides to aid in the planning, design and use of NSW Department of Education school facilities.

The guides aim to provide functional and durable facilities within a systematic whole of life, value for money framework that takes into account enhancement of learning and teaching, planning and development, sustainability and facilities management.

5.3 NSW GOVERNMENT RESOURCE EFFICIENCY POLICY (GREP)

The aim of the NSW Government Resource Efficiency Policy (GREP) is to reduce the NSW Government's operating costs and lead by example in increasing the efficiency of its resource use.

The policy intends to drive resource efficiency by NSW Government agencies in four main areas – energy, water, waste and air emissions from government operations. The policy describes measures to achieve set targets and minimum standards.

5.4 GOVERNMENT ARCHITECT NSW ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN GUIDE FOR SCHOOLS

The Government Architect NSW (GANSW) released an Environmental Design in Schools Manual which illustrates a set of design principles as guidelines to follow for new development and expansion of schools. The design principles from the GANSW Design Guide for Schools include:

- Context, Built Form and Landscape
- Sustainable, Efficient and Durable
- Accessible and Inclusive
- Health & Safety
- Amenity
- Whole of Life, Flexible and Adaptive
- Aesthetics

5.5 ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT REGULATION 2021

Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021 is a planning tool that captures NSW legislation relating to planning.

5.6 SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT PRACTICE NOTE

The DoE Sustainable Development Practice Note outlines the framework for the integration of sustainable development principles in the planning, design, tender and construction phases for all School Infrastructure

projects. This framework is closely aligned to NSW Government policy positions and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals.

6 SUSTAINABLE DESIGN

The proposed activity aims to go beyond minimum building requirements and provide a progressive sustainability outcome for the community. The sustainability principles adopted for the activity will contribute to the conservation of resources and future resilience, across the whole life cycle of the project; from construction, through to the operational phase.

The sustainability initiatives will be verified through the SINSW ESD Schedule v9. This verification applies to the proposed new building only.

This section of the report outlines the initiatives incorporated into the proposed activity in line with the EFSG requirements. Under each sub-category, the initiatives already incorporated into the design, and additional opportunities identified for further investigation have been outlined. These will be refined through further investigation in design activity.

Refer to Appendix 10.1 10.1 for the ESD Schedule outlining specific initiatives incorporated for the activity.

The ESD initiatives and associated relevant design details will be incorporated into activity contract documentation, noting that relevant details are still under development and will be further developed during later design stages. The head contractor will ultimately be responsible for ensuring compliance with all targeted EFSG ESD items.

6.1 RESPONSIBLE

6.1.1 GENERAL PRINCIPLES

Responsible project activity principles outline design and construction practices which support the activity and integration of building performances and responsible construction practices. These practices and processes include;

- Guidance from sustainability professionals
- Responsible construction practices
- Commitments to performance (e.g. reducing building and operational waste).
- Pre-commissioning, commissioning and tuning
- Building information to facilitate operator and user understanding
- Metering and monitoring

6.1.2 PROPOSED INITIATIVES

The following initiatives are currently included in the preliminary sustainability strategy, in order to ensure that the activity minimises its environmental impact through construction and operational management:

- DoE Commissioning and Temporary Schools Program reviews process to assist in advising, monitoring, and verifying the commissioning and tuning of the nominated building systems throughout the design, tender, construction, commissioning and tuning phases.
- Provision of building information to facilitate operator and user understanding of all building systems, and their specific operation and maintenance requirements and/or environmental targets
- Specialist waste consultant engaged to develop an operational waste management plan (OWMP). OWMP principles to be incorporated into the design in future project stages, including separation of waste streams (e.g. paper, cardboard, glass, plastics, toner cartridges, batteries, organics etc.) to facilitate reuse, recycling, composting, and overall waste reduction.
- Waste management plans for demolition, construction and operation of the site. Minimum of 90% of construction and demolition waste to be diverted from landfill.

6.1.3 OPPORTUNITIES

In addition to the initiatives outlined above, the following initiatives are currently being explored:

- Development and implementation of a Responsible Procurement Plan
- Development of a project specific Environmental Management Plan (EMP)

6.2 HEALTHY

6.2.1 GENERAL PRINCIPLES

Healthy, comfortable learning environments are vital for students and staff, particularly when they may require spaces that facilitate focus and engagement for a considerable amount of time. General principles include:

- High indoor air quality
- Acoustic comfort with noise levels suitable to the activities within each space
- Good lighting design and control that is suitable to the space and free from glare
- High levels of daylight amenity and views for visual interest
- Reduce harmful exposure to toxins from building materials and finishes
- Thermal comfort

6.2.2 PROPOSED INITIATIVES

The following initiatives are currently included in the preliminary sustainability strategy:

- Passive design principles have been incorporated in the design, including high-performance building envelope, effective shading and building orientation, and natural ventilation openings to support comfortable and low-energy indoor environment quality.
- Acoustic consultant has been engaged to advise design to support the building's function as training, teaching and multi-purpose spaces for students, staff and community use.
- Best-practice lighting will be provided to improve lighting comfort via flicker-free, high-quality lighting that accuracy addresses the perception of colour within the space.
- High levels of daylight and external views are provided to regularly occupied learning and administration areas, to support high levels of visual comfort for building occupants. Detailed daylight modelling to be undertaken in future project stages. Refer to preliminary daylight modelling assessment for details.
- Internal air pollutants have been reduced via selection of materials with low or no volatile organic compound (VOC) levels and low formaldehyde concentrations, verified via on-site testing.
- Effective heating and cooling to improve thermal comfort, in accordance with EFSG guidelines.

6.2.3 OPPORTUNITIES

In addition to the initiatives outlined above, the following initiatives are currently being explored:

- Specialist lighting design to address the quality of light in the space, and provide highlight and contrast
- Incorporation of indoor plants and/or nature-inspired biophilic design elements.
- Inclusion of rainwater tank to reduce potable water consumption, pending water modelling to quantify benefits
- The activity provides planted area (minimum 5% of site area) in which occupants can directly engage with (such as community garden, edible garden or similar), and necessary infrastructure is provided.

6.3 POSITIVE

6.3.1 GENERAL PRINCIPLES

Through a range of performance measures buildings can; improve their energy efficiency which will reduce Greenhouse Gas emissions from grid-based energy; reduce their potable water demand making them more drought tolerant; and, reduce their embodied carbon through sustainable materials selection. General principles include:

- Selection of materials with low embodied carbon
- Energy efficient buildings
- No fossil fuel use
- Offsetting of residual carbon emissions
- Reducing potable water consumption, such as through the use of high efficiency water fixtures, water harvesting systems and reuse, and water-efficient landscape and irrigation design.
- Installation of a solar PV system capable of generating the new energy consumed by the proposed building.

6.3.2 PROPOSED INITIATIVES

The following initiatives are currently included in the preliminary sustainability strategy, in order to enhance the energy efficiency of the building. Refer to the [Preliminary Energy Modelling Report](#) for detailed energy modelling reporting.

- Highly energy efficient building, exceeding the minimum requirements of the NCC Section J. Energy to be undertaken to demonstrate a reduction in energy consumption in comparison to a NCC DfS compliant reference building, in line with the following targets:
 - Minimum 10% reduction, excluding any contribution from renewable energy (e.g. rooftop solar PV) in line with EFSG Section DG02.03

Final improvement will be demonstrated via energy modelling in schematic design. Specific energy efficiency provisions will include:

- Exceeding the minimum building envelope R-values of NCC Section J
- Improving on the glazing performance requirements of NCC Section J
- Effective shading devices which reduce solar heat gains to conditioned spaces
- Energy-efficient lighting (typically LED) will be provided throughout, exceeding lighting power densities of the NCC Section J
- High efficiency heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems with mixed-mode 'traffic light' controls system to reduce operational energy.
- All-electric building services
- New roof mounted solar photovoltaic (PV) system. It is noted that the Cammeray Primary School works includes provision for a 20kW solar PV array, noting that this array may be subject to changes throughout future design phases.
- High-efficiency water fixtures.
- Reduction in embodied carbon of materials, achieved through sustainable concrete and steel selection.
- Adoption of minimum targets energy efficiency of appliances (air conditioners, TVs, fridges, computers) to make energy efficiency one of the selection requirements. Major appliances to be at least 0.5 stars above the average rating at the time of purchase.

6.3.3 OPPORTUNITIES

In addition to the initiatives outlined above, the following initiatives are currently being explored:

- Procurement of carbon offsets to offset residual emissions.
- Procurement of renewable energy, such as GreenPower. We understand that the NSW Government is responsible for procuring electricity across its entire portfolio. The renewable energy contribution target is due to be updated in the near future.
- Inclusion of rainwater tank to reduce potable water consumption, pending water modelling to quantify benefits.
- Lighting controlled by motion and/or daylight sensors to reduce the operation of artificial lighting when it is not required.

6.4 PLACES

6.4.1 GENERAL PRINCIPLES

Under this category people are placed at the forefront of the design to ensure the building supports health movement, provides enjoyable places and contributes the local community and cultural heritage of the site. General principles include:

- Active transport (walking and cycling) is encouraged, and private vehicle use is reduced
- Communal spaces which support occupant and community engagement are developed
- The local community's cultural heritage embedded in the design

6.4.2 PROPOSED INITIATIVES

The following initiatives are currently included in the preliminary sustainability strategy to improve sustainable transport options:

- To encourage active and public transport, bicycle parking for staff and students to be provided to the site. This is to be further detailed from the School Travel Plan.
- To reflect the local heritage of the site through design responses

6.4.3 OPPORTUNITIES

No additional placemaking opportunities are currently being explored.

6.5 PEOPLE

6.5.1 GENERAL PRINCIPLES

This category recognizes the contributions made by the local workforce which develops the building and aims to ensure sustainable practices support workers during the construction process, for areas including mental health and social inclusion. Additionally, the building design is reviewed for universal design principles for improved accessibility. General principles include:

- The builder supports mental health initiatives and promotes diversity
- The building has Indigenous design aspects, or a Reconciliation Action Plan is developed
- Disadvantaged groups are supported for workforce inclusion
- Universal design principles for people with disabilities are embedded in the design.

6.5.2 PROPOSED INITIATIVES

The following initiatives are currently included in the preliminary sustainability strategy:

- The builder has policies and programs to support construction workers and provides staff support.
- The Head Contractor has procurement practices in place to support disadvantaged groups gain employment opportunities, including:
 - Procurement of all materials and labour will be in accordance with the NSW DoE Aboriginal Procurement Policy and NSW DoE Main Works 21 Preliminaries - Section 4.4 'Aboriginal Participation'
 - A project-specific Aboriginal Participation Plan will be developed to monitor and report on the minimum Aboriginal participation requirements.
 - At least 1.5% of the building's total contract value has been directed to generate employment opportunities for disadvantaged and under-represented groups.
- Inclusive design principles are followed to ensure building users with diverse needs have ease of access and way finding throughout the building.

6.5.3 OPPORTUNITIES

In addition to the initiatives outlined above, the following initiatives are currently being explored:

- Incorporation of Indigenous design elements into the design, addressing each of the principles from the Australian Indigenous Design Charter (AIDC), including engagement with Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander communities.
- Diverse wayfinding including visual, physical, olfactory, and auditory solutions.

6.6 NATURE

6.6.1 GENERAL PRINCIPLES

Impacts to nature are minimised and the biodiversity of the site is fostered through selection of native plant species, this also supports the wellbeing of building and local groups who can maintain a connection with nature through urban green spaces. Waterways are protected through a volume controlled stormwater management strategy. General principles include:

- Protect and enhance ecological and biodiversity value
- Minimise negative impacts, such as lighting pollution and stormwater pollution.

6.6.2 PROPOSED INITIATIVES

The following initiatives are currently included in the preliminary sustainability strategy:

- Specified stormwater pollution reduction targets are met.
- Appropriate lighting design to reduce light pollution of external lights, including compliance with AS4282, AS/NZS 1158
- All heat-rejection systems to be waterless to eliminate risk of Legionella (no cooling towers)

6.6.3 OPPORTUNITIES

In addition to the initiatives outlined above, the following initiatives are currently being explored:

- Increased proportion of the site dedicated to external landscaping. Inclusion of critically endangered and/or endangered plant species native to the bioregion.
- Average annual stormwater discharge (ML/yr.) is reduced by 40% across the site.
- Encouragement of species connectivity through the site, and to adjacent sites
- Restoration or protection of biodiversity area beyond the project boundary.

7 CLIMATE CHANGE RESILIENCE

The projected impacts of climate change on the proposed activity has been assessed, based on predicted climate change models. A Climate Adaptation Workshop was held with all project stakeholders on 08 Nov 2024. The workshop goals were to:

- Identify and describe risks posed by climate change to the activity and rate the consequences and likelihood of each
- Identify and evaluate the potential adaptation actions and/or design strategies to mitigate those risks which are deemed unacceptable.

To facilitate this process, pre-workshop notes were provided to all stakeholders attending the workshop which consisted of the following parts:

- Climate change projections
- Consequence scale for the risk assessment
- Likelihood scale for the risk assessment

A climate change risk assessment undertaken as per AS 5334-2013 and EFSG requirements. Expected impacts from climate change will be identified with reference made to both CSIRO projects for the East Coast (South) sub-cluster and NSW Government's NSW and ACT Regional Climate Modelling (NARCLIM) projections. The results showed the following:

- Extreme temperatures are projected to increase with very high confidence, and substantial increases in temperatures reached on hot days, as well as the frequency of hot days.
- Average temperatures will continue to increase in all seasons (very high confidence)
- Generally, less rainfall is expected in winter (medium confidence), but the intensity of extreme rainfall events is expected to increase (high confidence)
- Time spent in drought is expected to increase (low confidence) over the course of the century.

The design's responsivity to the above impacts will be assessed in accordance with EFSG requirements, at least two of the risks identified will be addressed by specific design responses, suggested risks to be addressed are detailed within the Climate Adaptation Report.

8 NET ZERO AND RESOURCE EFFICIENCY

The proposed activity aims to minimise greenhouse gas emissions, to reflect the NSW government's goal of net zero emission by 2050, and consumption of energy, water and material resources. The key initiatives which have been selected to contribute to these goals are summarised below.

8.1 ENERGY CONSUMPTION AND NET ZERO 2050

The building incorporates the following initiatives into its design:

- Greater than 10% reduction in energy efficiency over minimum NCC compliance
- Passive design including consideration of orientation, thermal mass, shading, and fabric and glazing insulation performance, and colour
- Energy efficient lighting design and control
- Energy efficient heating, ventilation, and air conditioning design and control
- Energy efficient appliances and equipment
- Energy monitoring and whole of building demand management and control
- Renewable energy sources, including solar photovoltaic panels
- 100% electric design to minimise gas use and greenhouse gas emissions
- Commissioning and tuning strategies

8.2 WATER CONSUMPTION

The building incorporates the following initiatives into its design:

- Water efficient fixtures, equipment, and appliances
- Water use monitoring
- Water sensitive urban design
- Stormwater management, and groundwater and drinking water catchment protection
- Commissioning and tuning strategies

8.3 OTHER MATERIALS CONSUMPTION

The building incorporates the following initiatives into its design:

- Reduction in upfront carbon through sustainable material selection, including low embodied carbon materials and high recycled content materials. Including major construction materials – concrete, steel, timber and aluminium.

9 CONCLUSION

This report identifies the sustainability measures being pursued or investigated by the project team, demonstrating how the relevant sustainability requirements have been addressed.

The proposed design for the activity incorporates sustainability measures that have far reaching benefits from the perspective of energy, water and waste reduction; as well as providing good indoor environment quality, thermal comfort and visual comfort. By this means, the proposed activity will have a positive impact on the health and wellbeing of the students and staff occupying the building.

10 APPENDICES

10.1 SINSW ESD SCHEDULE

Refer over.

PROJECT: REVISION: AUTHOR:		SINSW SUSTAINABILITY REVIEW														INDEPENDENT SUSTAINABILITY VERIFICATION				Potential Impact of Report on Green Star Points: Y, N, N/A	Documentar y Evidence provided?	Evidence Index (optional)
Sustainability Strategy Priority		Sustainability Initiatives / requirements where applicable, this is an extract only from the relevant ESDG. For full requirements refer to https://efsg.dft.nsw.edu.au/	Project stage	Baseline for Initiative	Consistent with Green Star	Recommended evidence to demonstrate compliance	Has this been implemented in the project? Y or N or N/A	Contractor's ESD compliance comments	Actual evidence The evidence needs to show that the requirement from column C has been met	Responsibility (identify party responsible to provide evidence)	Planning Check Is the evidence proposed accepted? Y or N	Design Check Is the project compliant? Y or N	As Built Check Is the project compliant? Y or N	SINSW Sustainability comment	Independent ESD Review Comments (insert date)	D&C Contractors Response (insert date)	Independent ESD Review Comments (insert date)	D&C Contractors Response (insert date)	Independent ESD Review Comments (insert date)	Independent ESD Compliance Review		
Act on climate change	Energy consumption	Implementation over NEC All new facilities must be designed and built so that energy consumption is predicted to be at least 10% lower than if built to minimum compliance with National Construction Code requirements.	Ph 2-5 Architectural Design	DD02.03	DA08-150 G GHG Emissions Reduction Compliance Requirement	1. Energy modelling report / Predictive energy modelling and thermal comfort assessment. Report needs to show at least 10% improvement of building over minimum NEC requirements; and 2. As-built evidence that model is an accurate representation of the building. e.g. drawings; and 3. Specifications / calculations supporting modelling inputs, e.g. window energy rating scheme certificates, calculated values of walls, roofs, etc.; and 4. As an alternative to 2 and 3 above, a Statement by energy modeller confirming that the model accurately represents the building.	Y	Energy modelling has been completed. The model significantly exceeds the requirements to reduce energy consumption by at least 10% vs. a reference building.	Sustainability										TBC		1	
		Each building's system and layout must comply with the corresponding Section 1 requirements in the National Construction Code that is, the building cannot show that their layout, or any system, performs worse than the reference building. The energy consumption reduction must be achieved without including renewable energy generation in the calculation.	Ph 2-5 Architectural Design	DD05 DD06.02 DD07.12	DA08-150 G GHG Emissions Reduction Compliance Requirement	1. Thermal modelling report 2. As-built evidence demonstrating measures implemented to reduce need for active cooling / heating 3. Passive design report by Architect listing all passive design initiatives implemented	Y	Large reductions in energy consumption, as a result of passive design principles, have been incorporated in the design.	Sustainability										TBC		2	
Act on climate change	Energy efficient lighting design and modelling	This includes: - Window size and shading to prioritise passive cooling in summer and heating in winter - Orientation - Thermal mass - Building fabric colour and performance - Glazing	Ph 2-5 Service Design	DD02.3.1 DD03.02 DD03.04 DD03.06 DD05.02	DA08-150 G GHG Emissions Reduction Compliance Requirement	1. Lighting drawings 2. Lighting specifications / schedules 3. Lighting modelling report showing compliant power densities	Y	Assumed to be included in performance documentation for standard hubs.	Electrical										TBC		3	
		Energy efficient lighting design and modelling - LED lighting must be installed - The design of the lighting system and the selection of fittings is to be undertaken based on a Whole of Life approach, such as dimming and control gear with a long life - Section 1 part 6 maximum illuminance power density provisions must be adhered to, along with all other elements of part 6 - System must support sustainable design principles including reducing energy consumption, such as smart or sensor feedback controllability - Lighting designs should be carried out utilising industry standard lighting design software such as DIALUX, Dialux or Relux.	Ph 2-5 Service Design	DD03.06 DD03.07 DD05.02	DA08-150 G GHG Emissions Reduction Compliance Requirement	1. Electrical & lighting drawings showing switching groups and automatic controls 2. Lighting modelling report showing compliant power densities 3. Lighting operations and maintenance manual	Y	Assumed to be included in performance documentation for standard hubs.	Electrical										TBC		4	
Act on climate change	Lighting control and switching	- The use of lighting controls will assist in substantially improving energy efficiency on sites, and should be considered for all new lighting systems, in new build or site refurbishments. Lighting control should be simple to operate and adhere to all requirements of DS 63.06 - Consistent Light Output and Daylight Harvesting systems are recommended given their ability to reduce lighting energy whilst maintaining visibility in spaces. Consideration should be given to these strategies as stipulated in DS 63.06 - Including daylight sensors in rooms to reduce light output or turn off light when sufficient daylight is provided within the space - When the space is large and perimeter lighting is adjacent to windows, perimeter lighting is on a separate zone to make maximum use of daylight - Local switching should be provided where it is identified that the users can benefit from manual operation of the lighting and other lighting automation technology is considered not practicable. The switching should be clearly marked and robust. Provisions for energy efficient switching in Schools are outlined within DGS2 and DGS3.	Ph 2-5 Service Design	DD03.06 DD03.07 DD05.02	DA08-150 G GHG Emissions Reduction Compliance Requirement	1. Electrical & lighting drawings showing switching groups and automatic controls 2. Lighting modelling report showing compliant power densities 3. Lighting operations and maintenance manual	Y	Assumed to be included in performance documentation for standard hubs.	Electrical										TBC		5	
		Energy efficient equipment & appliances - Electrical equipment must be at least 1.5 stars above the market average star rating or comply with high efficiency standards specified in the GERP - HVAC system must have fixed or sensor feedback functionality for energy consumption - System should be designed to minimise energy consumption. System design / equipment selection is to be based on whole of life approach - Evidence must be provided to show compliance with ESDG	Ph 2-5 Service Design	DD02.3.1 DD05	DA08-150 G GHG Emissions Reduction Compliance Requirement	1. Evidence of equipment and equipment star rating or previous standards, signed by head contractor or architect. All appliances and equipment required in the GERP must be listed, not air conditioning equipment, electric motors, transformers, etc. 2. As-built mechanical drawings / statement from head contractor, 3. Whole of life cost analysis demonstrating systems were selected based on whole of life approach	Y	HVAC controls are based on ESDG requirements, which comply with the relevant hub.	Mechanical										TBC		6	
Act on climate change	Heat loss/gain	The design must take steps to control heat loss from the building during cooler winter months and heat gain during the warmer months. Refer to HVAC Design considerations in DGS4.02	Ph 2-5 Service Design	DD04.02	DA08-150 G GHG Emissions Reduction Compliance Requirement	1. Thermal modelling report 2. As-built evidence demonstrating that model is an accurate representation of the building 3. Specifications / calculations supporting modelling inputs	Y	The building utilises shading design and improved thermal fabric performance to reduce heat gains and losses, and reduce overall energy consumption.	Sustainability										TBC		7	
		Indoor environment control - Both the thermal comfort and indoor air quality shall be controlled automatically within specified parameters. - Controls shall be simple and intuitive to use - A Traffic Light system (described in DS 15.05 Thermal Comfort and Indoor Air Quality Policy) should be used to inform the suitability of outdoor conditions to utilise natural ventilation.	Ph 2-5 Service Design	DD05 DS 15.05 Thermal Comfort and Indoor Air Quality Policy	DA08-150 G GHG Emissions Reduction Compliance Requirement	1. As-built evidence demonstrating controls have been installed as required. 2. Commissioning report / statement by head contractor confirming controls have been set as required	Y	Traffic light system is included to all heating spaces as per the ESDG	Mechanical										TBC		8	
Act on climate change	Renewable energy	Any grid-connected solar PV system must be installed in line with DGS6 requirements where feasible, PV systems shall be installed to offset as much of the electricity consumed by the school as is practicable	Ph 2-5 Service Design	DD02.3.4 DD05	DA08-150 G GHG Emissions Reduction Compliance Requirement	1. As installed drawings of PV system 2. Energy modelling report showing renewable energy generation	Y	PV system to be installed and used to offset building consumption	Electrical										TBC		9	
		Battery Energy Storage System A battery energy storage system shall only be designed in consultation with SINSW Sustainability sustainability.engineering@det.nsw.edu.au	Ph 2-5 Service Design	DD06.6.1	DA08-150 G GHG Emissions Reduction Compliance Requirement	As installed drawings of battery storage system	N/A	No battery system proposed	Electrical										TBC		10	
Act on climate change	Heaters	Electric heating must be preferred over gas heating. Where gas heating is considered, it must be approved by SINSW Sustainability Engineering Heating equipment must be designed from a whole of life perspective and - Support sustainable design principles including reducing energy consumption and carbon emissions - Be accessible and maintainable - easy to maintain with minimal impact on school use when maintenance is being performed	Ph 2-5 Service Design	DD06	DA08-150 G GHG Emissions Reduction Compliance Requirement	1. If reverse cycle air conditioning is installed, confirmation that gas heaters are not installed, OR 2. Confirmation that the gas heaters installed are energy efficient	Y	No gas heating is included in the mechanical design.	Mechanical										TBC		11	
		Water management Hot water and tempered water generation for schools must be carefully considered to ensure that a Whole of Life assessment is undertaken to minimise life cycle costs and carbon emissions - Environmentally friendly systems such as solar heating (if viable) and heat pumps are preferred energy sources to conventional systems - The following detailed reports/ surveys/ information should be considered in developing the business case: - Site, drainage and erosion issues including flood risks (if any) - Geotechnical and soil conditions - Access points - Building risks - Approval of available services infrastructure - Climate change risk assessment must be undertaken considering at least two different climate change scenarios - An environmental risk report will be required for developments proposed within sensitive natural environments or sites subject to separate planning or development controls. See the following link for more information: https://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/biodiversity/biodiversity.aspx	Ph 1-5 Selection and Masterplan	DD03.09	DA08-150 G GHG Emissions Reduction Compliance Requirement	1. WCL cost assessment for hot water systems 2. Hydraulic drawings/schematics showing installed DWV systems	Y		Hydraulics									TBC		12		
Build resilience	Build resilience	Development applications on bush fire prone land must be accompanied by a Bush Fire Assessment Report demonstrating compliance with the aims and objectives of Planning for Bush Fire Protection and the specific objectives and performance criteria for the land use proposed. Local Authorities and the Rural Fire Service can provide advice on the design of buildings in bush fire prone areas. The Building Code of Australia and AS3959 'Construction of buildings in bushfire prone areas' set out the requirements for buildings which are within close proximity to a defined bush fire zone. Mandatory bushfire management strategies: - Keep the amount of fuel (leaves, twigs, logs, dead grass) in the vicinity of buildings to a minimum. - Ensure trees are located at away from buildings to avoid branches overhanging and leaves collecting on roofs. - Do not plant shrubs against buildings. - The crown of trees planted on the hazard side of the development should not be coniferous. - Plant fire resistant trees and shrubs on the hazard side of the development to reduce the potential impact of wind, fire intensity, radiant heat, and risk of spread as well as intercepting burning embers. - Avoid combustible fencing materials. - Bushfire mapping and analysis considers to water areas near the buildings subject to water authority consent.	Ph 1-5 Selection and Masterplan	DD03.09	DA08-150 G GHG Emissions Reduction Compliance Requirement	1. Detailed reports or surveys developed 2. Environmental risk report 3. Evidence demonstrating recommendations have been implemented and risks addressed through design responses.	Y	Ongoing consultation with building consultant. Climate Adaptation workshop completed	Hydraulics										TBC		13	
		Climate change adaptation Sites and school communities must be able to withstand natural and urban hazards and adaptively respond to climate change over time, especially for projects involving vulnerable communities e.g. climate generating exacerbated flood, storm surge, inundation, wildfires, bush fire, extreme storm and other weather events. School facilities must be able to withstand natural hazards and adapt to shocks and stressors to avoid social and economic costs of interrupted operation and requiring or replacing damaged assets. To achieve this, increasing resilience to natural hazards must be considered in the business case development so that associated costs are budgeted. The initial assessment of natural hazards and project vulnerability must be carried out, in consultation with resilience experts, to the business case and identify hazards where further analysis is required. The assessment must report on at least two different timescales (2050 and 2070) and consider high emissions scenarios consistent with 2C and 4C for each timescale. The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) endorsed emissions scenarios should be used to dictate the assessed scenarios Where significant risks are identified in the initial assessment, a comprehensive climate change risk assessment must be undertaken	Ph 1-5 Selection and Masterplan	DD03.09	DA08-150 G GHG Emissions Reduction Compliance Requirement	1. Climate risk assessment, and 2. Climate adaptation plan 3. Emergency management plan	Y	Climate change risk assessment and report have been completed by N2T with input from all design disciplines. All risks and their ratings are identified within the report	Sustainability									TBC		14		
Build resilience	Weather protection	Protection areas provided between administrative, staff and all student spaces (except Agriculture), should be protected from rain and uncomfortable winds.	Ph 2-5 Architectural Design	DD03.09	Not covered in Green Star	As-built drawings showing circulation areas are protected as required	Y	All circulation areas have a roof to protect against weather	Architect										TBC		15	

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